trillion, one hundred eighty-one billion, three hundred nine million.

Ten years ago, July 25, 1991, the Federal debt stood at \$3,557,315,000,000, three trillion, five hundred fifty-seven billion, three hundred fifteen million.

Fifteen years ago, July 25, 1986, the Federal debt stood at \$2,072,020,000,000, two trillion, seventy-two billion, twenty million, which reflects a debt increase of more than \$3.5 trillion, \$3,653,100,881,956.31, three trillion, six hundred fifty-three billion, one hundred million, eight hundred eighty-one thousand, nine hundred fifty-six dollars and thirty-one cents during the past 15 years.

#### ADDITIONAL STATEMENTS

## TRIBUTE TO THE 100TH ANNIVER-SARY OF THE KUHLMAN COR-PORATION

• Mr. DEWINE. Mr. President, I rise today to recognize an outstanding achievement resulting from a century of hard work and perseverance. This spring, the Kuhlman Corporation, a family-owned, Toledo-based company that provides Northwest Ohio and Southeast Michigan with quality concrete and building supplies, celebrated its 100th anniversary. This is quite a milestone—a testament to the Kuhlman Corporation's commitment to its customers.

In 1901, German immigrant and bricklayer, Adam Kuhlman, helped establish the Toledo Builders Supply Company. Mr. Kuhlman put up much of his own money to provide the Toledo Builders Supply Company with new brick oven equipment. The purchase of this equipment was a risky investment, but Mr. Kuhlman had the foresight to sacrifice his own money for the good of the company. The investment proved to be a good one, and, with his strong work ethic and solid business sense, Mr. Kuhlman turned Toledo Builders Supply into a very successful brick business.

In the mid-1920's, he became the majority stockholder and founded a new company, called Kuhlman Corporation—a fitting tribute to the man who shaped the early success of the company. Since then, the Kuhlman Corporation has remained a family-owned and operated business and maintains the values that made it so successful—hard work and innovation.

In 1928, the Kuhlman Corporation set the precedent for Northwest Ohio building suppliers by becoming the first company in the region to enter the ready-mixed concrete business. With a fleet of advanced mixing trucks, the Kuhlman Corporation traveled all over Northwest Ohio and Southeast Michigan, helping build structures, like Scott and Waite High Schools in Toledo, Anthony Wayne Bridge in To-

ledo, the Toledo Zoo, and the Medical College of Ohio.

The Kuhlman Corporation has survived two World Wars, a depression, severe inflation, and the constant fluctuation of the construction market to remain a leader in concrete and building supplies, now accumulating annual revenue of \$36 million. The company has helped the people of Ohio and Michigan to build their dreams. At the same time, the Kuhlman Corporation has achieved the American dream.

So today, I salute the Kuhlman Corporation for a century of demanding work, inspiration, and commitment to the Toledo community. I wish them all the best for the next 100 years.

REPORT ON THE PROGRESS OF SPENDING BY THE EXECUTIVE BRANCH DURING THE FIRST TWO QUARTERS OF FISCAL YEAR 2001 IN SUPPORT OF PLAN COLOM-BIA—MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT—PM 37

The PRESIDING OFFICER laid before the Senate the following message from the President of the United States, together with an accompanying report; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

To the Congress of the United States:

Pursuant to section 3204(e) of Public Law 106-246, I hereby transmit a report detailing the progress of spending by the executive branch during the first two quarters of Fiscal Year 2001 in support of Plan Colombia.

GEORGE W. BUSH. THE WHITE HOUSE, July 26, 2001.

### MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

At 12:38 p.m., a message from the House of Representatives, delivered by Mr. Hays, one of its reading clerks, announced that the House has passed the following bill, in which it requests the concurrence of the Senate.

H.R. 1954. An act to extend the authorities of the Iran and Libya Sanctions Act of 1996 until 2006, and for other purposes.

At 1:09 p.m., a message from the House of Representatives, delivered by Ms. Niland, one of its reading clerks, announced that the House has passed the following bill, in which it requests the concurrence of the Senate:

H.R. 2590. An act making appropriations for the Treasury Department, the United States Postal Service, the Executive Office of the President, and certain Independent Agencies, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2002, and for other purposes.

## MEASURES REFERRED

The following bill was read the first and the second times by unanimous consent, and referred as indicated:

H.R. 2590. An act making appropriations for the Treasury Department, the United

States Postal Service, the Executive Office of the President, and certain Independent Agencies, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2002, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Appropriations.

## REPORTS OF COMMITTEES

The following reports of committees were submitted:

By Mr. LEAHY, from the Committee on the Judiciary, without amendment:

S. 625. A bill to provide Federal assistance to States and local jurisdictions to prosecute hate crimes, and for other purposes.

By Mr. LEAHY, from the Committee on the Judiciary, with amendments:

S. 778. A bill to expand the class of beneficiaries who may apply for adjustment of status under section 245(i) of the Immigration and Nationality Act by extending the deadline for classification petition and labor certification filings.

By Mr. LEAHY, from the Committee on the Judiciary, without amendment:

S. 1099. A bill to increase the criminal penalties for assaulting or threatening Federal judges, their family members, and other public servants, and for other purposes.

# EXECUTIVE REPORTS OF COMMITTEES

The following executive reports of committees were submitted:

Mr. LEVIN, Committee on the Judiciary: James W. Ziglar, of Mississippi, to be Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization.

Asa Hutchinson, of Arkansas, to be Administrator of Drug Enforcement.

Mr. LEVIN, Committee on Armed Services: Air Force nominations beginning with Col. Charles C. Baldwin, and ending Col. Thomas J. Loftus. (See Executive Journal proceedings of March 22, 2001, for complete list.) Air Force nomination of Maj. Gen. Lance

Air Force nomination of Maj. Gen. Thomas C. Waskow.

 $\operatorname{Air}$  Force nomination of Maj. Gen. Richard E. Brown III.

Army nominations beginning with Col. Scott C. Black, and ending Col. Daniel V. Wright. (See Executive Journal proceedings of April 30, 2001, for complete list.)

Army nomination of Maj. Gen. Burwell B. Bell III.

Army nomination of Maj. Gen. John S. Caldwell, Jr.

Army nomination of Maj. Gen. James L. Campbell.

Army nomination of Lt. Gen. Michael L. Dodson.

Army nomination of Maj. Gen. David D. McKiernan.

Army nomination of Brig. Gen. Thomas W. Eres.

Army nomination of Maj. Gen. John B. Sylvester.

Marine Corps nomination of Col. Kevin M. Sandkuhler.

Navy nominations beginning with Capt. Michael S. Baker, and ending Capt. Charles A. Williams. (See Executive Journal proceedings of February 27, 2001, for complete list.)

Navy nominations beginning with Capt. Robert E. Cowley III, and ending Capt. Alan S. Thompson. (See Executive Journal proceedings of February 27, 2001, for complete list.)